

## "D. C. L." MALT EXTRACT with COD LIVER OIL

Is made from the finest selected Barley and malted with the greatest care on the Company's own premises by the most scientific methods of manufacture.

THE DISTILLERS  
COMPANY, LTD.  
EDINBURGH.

Price: Per 1 lb. Jar ... \$1.00.  
Per 2 lb. Jar ... 1.80.

SOLE AGENTS:

GANDE, PRICE & CO., LTD.,  
Tel. Central No. 185  
St. George's Buildings, Ice House Street.

## DAIRY FARM NEWS.

AN OPPORTUNITY FOR THOSE WHO PREFER

### HONEYSUCKLE BUTTER

SALTED OR UNSALTED

(Made at the Farm)

STANDING ORDERS NOW BEING BOOKED.

## THE FRENCH STORE.

JUST ARRIVED by S.S. "CHANTILLY."

GRUYER SUISSE, CHEESE, GENUINE ROQUEFORT CHEESE, OLIVA, LYONS SAUSAGE, and ARLES SAUSAGE.

MORTADELLA DE BOLOGNE, BONELESS FINEST HAM, LAX SMOKED SALMON IN TINS, RUSSIAN BLACK CAVIAR, BLACK OLIVES and FIRST CLASS HOLLAND SALTED HERRINGS.

## USE COLGATE'S SOAP AND RIBBON DENTAL CREAM



SOLE AGENTS:

THE HONGKONG TRADING CO., LTD.,

BANK OF CANTON BUILDING,

HONGKONG.

## WORLD THEATRE.

TO-DAY & TO-MORROW ONLY, 5.15 p.m. & 9.15 p.m.  
NORMA TALMADGE

with  
THOMAS MEIGHAN

In the Supporting Cast.

### "THE PROBATION WIFE"

ORIGINALITY OF PLOT AND SKILL IN PRESENTATION ASSURE  
EVERYONE AN IDEAL ENTERTAINMENT.

USUAL PRICES.

BY SPECIAL REQUEST

### "OVER THE HILL"

Will be Shown Again on SATURDAY, 31st.

TO-DAY & TO-MORROW, 12.30 p.m., 2.30 p.m. & 7.15 p.m.

THE LATEST AND BEST CHINESE PRODUCTION

### "THE TEST OF TRUE LOVE"

(IN 12 REELS)

(PRODUCED BY COMMERCIAL PRESS, LTD.)

## SHOPS IN OLD LONDON.

WHAT PRECEDED ART OF MODERN ADVERTISING.

We sometimes hear people refer to the "good old days" as a time of simplicity. But were things as good in those days as some of them imagine? The shops, for example, were a writer in the *Illustrated* *London* *News* writes:—

"Now that our shops have reached such a high standard of efficiency, when every need and taste is provided for, every purse considered and suited, it is almost impossible for the modern shopper to realise the difficulties under which our predecessors bought and sold their goods. Before printing had been discovered and the art of advertising was still unknown, a dealer shouted the quality of his wares, and invited passers by to stop and buy them. Sounds rather confusing, doesn't it? Imagine buying a new hat under such conditions!

Cheapside, one of the oldest streets in London, was the great centre of trade from an early date people attended the "chepe" or market there, buying their goods at the open stalls erected in the street, which was badly drained and very muddy.

The cry for custom "What d'ye lack! What d'ye lack!" was kept up with monotonous persistence. Not only Cheapside itself, but the adjacent streets were the scenes of commerce. Wood Street, Honey Lane, Bread Street, Poultry—the names indicate the produce that was sold in their narrow and congested shops.

The following lines, from a poem called "London Lyonesse," or lack penny, written by John Lydgate in the fifteenth century, describes the London shops at that period:

"Then to the Chepe I began me drawle;  
When much people I sawe for to stonde;

One offered me velvet, skylike, and lawne,  
And other he taketh me by the hande.  
Here is Parys thred the tynest in the lande."

SIGNS AND POLES.  
The custom of marking inns by signs spread to the houses of traders, and in the seventeenth century sign-painting was an exceedingly flourishing occupation.

These signs were sometimes placed on posts, as they are still seen outside country inns. More often they projected over the footpath, supported by iron work wrought in elaborate designs.

The mercers, hatters, and shoemakers made their shops conspicuous by putting a pole at an angle with the shop-front and hanging rows of stockings or lines of hats, etc., upon it.

"On hosiery's pole depending stockings tide  
Flag with the slackened gale from side to side."—*Trivia*. John Gay, 1710.

The signs increased in such numbers that it became a difficult task to find the shop wanted. Every tradesman had one, and each tried to outdo his neighbour by the size and colour of his own. In 1792 the size and colour of his own. In 1792 the size and colour of his own. In 1792 the size and colour of his own. In 1792 the size and colour of his own.

## WHAT TO DO WITH £500?

TRAVEL, DIAMONDS, CHARITY.

A correspondent in the *Daily Express* was troubled with the delightful problem: "What to do with a sudden windfall of £500."

If a man is in dire need of £500 the answer is simple. He would pay his bills and spend it in necessities. If, on the other hand, £500 descended suddenly on a man who is glad to have it but does not really need it, and must spend it, the problem becomes interesting and more difficult.

Here are a number of solutions gathered from men and women in London.

A man of fifty: "I would give up work for three months and winter in Egypt, going there by way of Greece, which I have always longed to see."

A man of twenty-five: "If I had to spend it and could not invest it in Savings Certificates I would buy diamonds, and hold them until I could make a profit on them."

Another man of twenty-five: "I would like to live for three months or so in the most expensive hotels in Europe, go about in perfectly made clothes, dance in the best places, and all that sort of thing. When it was over I'd be quite content to come back broke and find a job, for I should have seen life."

A girl of nineteen: "I would take a trip round the world, starting next week."

A woman of thirty-one: "I would give £400 to my father and mother, who are old and poor, and I would spend £100 on myself, buying things I have always wanted and will never have. I have always wanted a £50 beaver coat and a set of tortoiseshell-backed hair-brushes and a manure set in real jade."

A middle-aged woman: "I would buy a week-end cottage near London, when I would let most of the year."

A man of thirty-five: "I would go straight to Monte Carlo and put my money on the tables in the hope of coming back really rich."

## LINER AS DANCE HALL.

The most important of new attractions at Southend next summer will be a 10,000 tons Orient liner converted into an amusement palace, which will be at anchor about half a mile to the east of the pierhead. Its main feature will be an elaborate dance hall and a cabaret. There will be many side shows and exhibitions, and things are to be kept going until two o'clock in the morning. Ten thousand people can be amused on the ship at one time. They will be taken from the pierhead by special ferry at all stages of the tide. The liner will be towed to her moorings a few days before Good Friday.

## CLEARANCE SALE

OF  
All Millinery and  
Knitted Goods.

MAUDE BRENNAN.

2nd FLOOR, ASIATIC BUILDINGS.

C. E. WARREN & CO., LTD.  
SANITARY ENGINEERS.  
MONUMENTALISTS, &c.

OFFICES 31D, WYNDHAM STREET.

HONGKONG.

JUST RECEIVED

A STOCK OF

4" RECTANGULAR RAIN-

WATER PIPES.

HEADS & SHOES.

H. P. WATER FILTERS, BATHS,

BASINS, Etc.

ESTIMATES FREE FOR ALL KINDS OF

MONUMENTAL WORK &c., IN

ITALIAN MARBLE-POLISHED OR

FINELY PUNCHED HONGKONG

GRANITE

To Own or Selected Design.

A LARGE STOCK OF ARTIFICIAL

WREATHS.

SOCIETE FRANCAISE DE  
GERANCE.

DE LA BANQUE  
INDUSTRIELLE DE CHINE.

ETABLISSEMENT, FRANCO-CHINOIS,  
(Incorporated in France).

5, Chater Road, Victoria, Hongkong.

HEAD OFFICE:  
Paris, 74, Rue St. Lazare.

Capital.....Fr. 10,000,000  
Reserves.....Fr. 10,790,000

Working fund provided by  
The Banque Industrielle de Chine:  
Fr. 50,000,000.

BANKERS:  
France: Societe Generale, Banque Nationale de  
Credit, Banque de Paris et des Pays Bas.  
London: Midland Bank Ltd.  
New York: Irving Bank, Columbia Trust.

Every description of Banking and Exchange  
Business transacted.  
Correspondents throughout the World:  
M. FITZ-HENRY,  
Manager.

Hongkong, 12th July, 1924.

EQUITABLE EASTERN BANKING  
CORPORATION.

AN AMERICAN BANK.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS U.S. \$2,975,000

HEAD OFFICE:  
37, WALL STREET,  
NEW YORK.

BRANCHES:  
SHANGHAI.

General Banking and Exchange Business.  
Interest Allowed on all Deposits.  
Rates on Application.

LONDON AND PARIS AGENTS:  
EQUITABLE TRUST Co., of N.Y.  
D. M. BIGGAR, Manager.

THE BANK OF CANTON, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE: HONGKONG  
Established 1912.

Authorized Capital.....21,000,000  
Paid Up Capital.....21,078,590  
Silver Reserve Fund.....\$700,000

Foreign Exchange and General Bank-  
ing business transacted.  
Interest allowed on

CURRENT ACCOUNTS  
2% per annum on daily credit balances  
of over \$100.

SAVINGS  
4% annum  
DEPOSITS  
for 12 months 5%, per annum  
for 6 " 4% " " "  
for 3 " 3% " " "  
on demand 2% " " "

BRANCHES  
Canton, Shanghai, Hankow, Bangkok  
and New York  
LONDON BANKERS  
The Lloyds Bank Limited,  
LOOK POONG SHAN  
Chief Manager.

SAYINGS OF A WEEK.

Blackmail is quite as bad morally as murder.—*Sir Ernest Wild.*

I want to see London become the air junction of the world.—*Sir Samuel Hoare.*

A gentleman is a man who knows not only how to behave but how to misbehave.—*Mr. Robert Lynd.*

In view of the fact that women have votes to-day, it is a wiful waste of raw material to kiss babies.—*Mr. Sexton.*

## JUST THE DIFFERENCE that means so much

### EYE STRAIN

Unshaded lamps, a flickering light, or cast shadows, are causes of discomfort which often lead to eye strain and ultimately a visit to the oculist.



### EYE COMFORT

Can be readily obtained by using electric light and correctly designed shades. "Let the light fall on the subject—not on the eye, your eyesight will then be preserved, and reading, writing, or sewing becomes a pleasurable task."

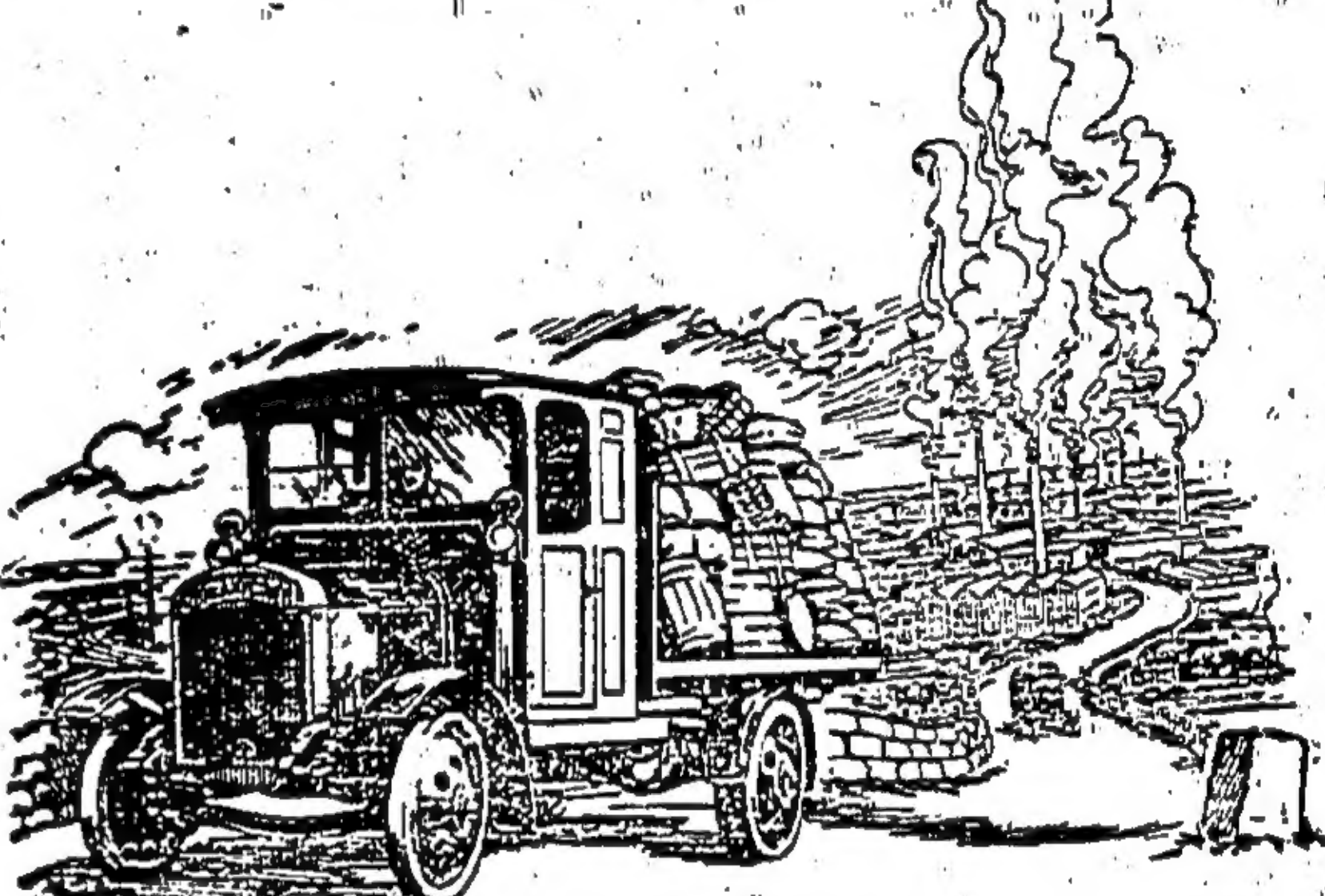
USE ELECTRICITY—the light without flicker or flame.

THE CHINA LIGHT & POWER CO. (1918), LTD.

SHOW ROOM—62, NATHAN ROAD, KOWLOON.

Phone, K. 677.

## THORNYCROFT COMMERCIAL VEHICLES



FOR PROVED ECONOMY AND  
RELIABILITY

FOR PRICES AND SPECIFICATIONS  
APPLY—

HONGKONG HOTEL GARAGE

TEL. C. 4759.

TEL. C. 4759.

THE HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI HOTELS, LTD.

For your floor—furniture—and  
every domestic article requiring  
a stained and varnished finish

## "Wilheycla" Oil Varnish Stains

Oaks—Walnut  
Mahogany—Satinwood  
Rosewood—Ebony Black

Can be applied by anyone.  
Always reliable, never sticky.  
Non-poisonous and Durable.

Wilkinson, Heywood & Clark

Alexandra Buildings.

Phone Central 763.

AND FROM ALL SHIPHANDLERS.



## HONGKONG WEEKLY PRESS.

CONTAINING ALL THE WEEK'S  
LOCAL NEWS.

The Paper to read Home.



## "DECOLITE" FIRE-RESISTING FLOORING

(Awarded Gold Medal Franco-British Exhibition.)

JOINTLESS, HYGIENIC &amp; NON-SLIPPING

Laid by Our Own Workmen on

STEEL, WOOD OR CONCRETE.

THE UNITED ASBESTOS ORIENTAL AGENCY, LTD.  
Tel. Central 236. 2, Queen's Buildings.

## QUEEN'S THEATRE.

Thursday and Friday, Jan. 29th and 30th.  
at 5.15 p.m. & 9.15 p.m.

A New Programme by

MANILA VAUDEVILLE COMPANY

AND

Thursday, January 29th, at 5.15 p.m. &amp; 9.15 p.m.

DOROTHY DALTON

IN

"THE LAW OF THE LAWLESS"

Better than "The Covered Wagon."

Friday, January 30th, at 5.15 p.m. &amp; 9.15 p.m.

MARY PHILBIN

IN

"FOOLS' HIGHWAY"

A Universal-Jewel De Luxe.

## HONGKONG ENGINEERING & CONSTRUCTION CO., LTD.

STRUCTURAL ENGINEERS AND CONTRACTORS.  
SPECIALISTS IN REINFORCED CONCRETE CONSTRUCTION.  
FOUNDATIONS BY THE FRANKI PILING SYSTEM.

Our Head Office has been moved from Powell's Building, Des Voeux Road Central, to more commodious premises on the 3rd Floor of St. GEORGE'S BUILDING, CHATER HONGKONG, (over the offices of Messrs. Shewan Tomes & Co.)

Telephones ... Central 4581 (two lines).

## LA TROPICAL PERFECTOS

The Finest JAMAICA CIGARS ever manufactured.

Made by the Famous Factory of

B. &amp; J. MACHADO CO., LTD.,

Try A Box of 25 To-day.

**LABAQUERIA FILIPINA**  
LEADING TOBACCONISTS, OPPOSITE QUEEN'S THEATRE

## PROMONTA

Is an exceedingly effective and strengthening medicine.

The chief ingredient in its composition is obtained from natural nerve matter and contains in the synthesis all the properties to be found in the normal nerve matter.

This remedy can be applied in cases of:

Neurasthenia, all kinds of fatigue and exhaustion, insomnia arising from psychico-nervous causes, malnutrition and its resultant ailments, anaemia, bloodlessness, impaired vitality. Convalescence, senile decay of the nervous system, after-effects of tropical anaemia and one-sided diet, etc.

## COMMERCIAL COMMISSION. VISITORS FROM SEATTLE DUE SHORTLY.

The Seattle Commercial Commission to the Orient was to leave Seattle, on the a.s. President McKinley on January 27th, but the exact date of arrival in Hongkong is not known. The party will number about twenty, but only a few of these will form the official committee appointed by the Seattle Chamber of Commerce to carry out the objective of the Commission.

The Commercial Commission is making this trip for the purpose of expressing appreciation for the increased trade which has developed and benefited the United States North-west and to evidence the confidence Seattle has in its business colleagues across the Pacific. It will also carry to business men in the Far East an invitation to attend the Twelfth Annual Convention of the National Foreign Trade Council in Seattle, June 24th, 25th and 26th, 1925, which for the first time is open to delegates from foreign countries.

The Official Committee is made up of the following persons:—David Whitcomb, President, Seattle Chamber of Commerce; Prof. Howard T. Lewis, Dean of College Business Administration, University of Washington, Seattle; J. D. Farrell, Vice-President, Union Pacific Railway; Judge L. C. Gilman, Vice-President, Great Northern Railway; James R. Stirrat, Superior Portland Cement Company; one representative, Seattle Clearing House Association, and one representative of the Port of Seattle.

## NATIONAL SAVINGS IN U.K. OVER £45,000,000 "LAST YEAR."

The eighth annual report of the National Savings Committee, issued last month, shows that during the financial year ended March 31st, £45,907,198 was subscribed for savings certificates, bringing the total since the beginning of the scheme to £530,978,184. Repayments have amounted to £184,839,478, leaving a total sum still invested of £346,138,686. Repayments in the last financial year were £32,913,500.

Of the total, equivalent to 55,508,999 single certificates issued last year, only 7,930,740 were in the form of £1 certificates. Certificates of the £25 denomination issued were equal to 14,134,375 single certificates, and those between £25 and £499 were equal to 15,233,333 single certificates.

The committee reports that the national savings movement continues to make steady and encouraging progress. It notes that considerable interest has been taken in the movement by the Dominions and by foreign countries, and adds:— "Information as to the aims, methods, and organization of the movement has now been supplied to the Governments of the following lands within the Empire:—Canada, New Zealand, the Irish Free State, and Northern Ireland. Inquiries have been dealt with from the United States of America, France, Italy, Denmark, Norway, Sweden, Portugal, Japan, the International Labour Bureau of the League of Nations, and the Committee of the International Thrift Congress, Milan."

It is stated that during the year under review new savings associations formed numbered 4,104, as compared with 2,287 in the previous year, and that new associations continue to be formed at an average rate of over 550 per month. The committee states that during the latter part of the year there was a falling off in the sales of certificates which, in its opinion, was due partly to the reduction of the rate of interest and partly to saving money for the purpose of visiting the British Empire Exhibition.

The strength of the staff on March 31st last was 223, and the total direct expenditure for the last financial year was £78,604, as compared with £77,344 in the previous year. A further sum of £59,797 was expended during the year in advertising in the Press.

## £3,000,000 GIFT.

MILLIONAIRE WANTS TO SEE RESULTS FROM HIS MONEY.

"I am now more than 70 years old and feel I should like to see the results from the money within my remaining years."

In these simple words Mr. George Eastman, of Rochester, announced last month the distribution of stock in the Eastman Kodak Company having a minimum valuation of £3,000,000. The actual valuation is believed considerably to exceed this figure.

The University of Rochester receives £1,700,000. Massachusetts Institute of Technology £900,000; while £400,000 is divided equally between the Hampton Institute and the Tuskegee Institute.

On a previous occasion Mr. Eastman gave half his holdings to various institutions. The present distribution, he says, represents the bulk of the rest, "for I am retaining only sufficient to participate effectively in the management of the company."

## SAVINGS OF A WEEK.

Success, as we all know, breeds envy.—Sir Charles Greening.

We want something more than a programme: we want something of the nature of a gospel.—Mr. Ramsay Mac Donald.

There is no excuse now for not recognizing that English literature is as great as Greek, and perhaps greater than any other.—Dean Inge.

Some of our Continental friends are the sanest people in the world to negotiate with—provided you always let them have their own way.—Mr. Sunnden.



## Only for Connoisseurs

Of course, sir, tastes differ. Some people have judgment and others have none. But I've more respect, sir, for the man who smokes always an inferior cigarette than the man who smokes good ones one day and just anything the next. Yes, sir, I can say it positively hurts to hand Kensitas to such smokers. Kensitas were not intended for such poor judges because Kensitas are too good to waste. No, sir, they were made for you and all good judges of good cigarettes.

Manufacturers: J. WIX & SONS, Ltd., 11-13 PICCADILLY, LONDON, W.1, ENG.  
Wholesale only: DONNELLY & WHITE, Distributors for Hongkong and South China,  
4 QUEEN'S BUILDINGS. Telephone: Central 534.

# Kensitas

the preferred cigarette

Obtainable at  
LANE CRAWFORD LTD  
Tabacqueria Filipina,  
Graco Egyptian Tobacco Store,  
and all high-class Tobacconists.  
At 95 cents per tin of 50

## PASSPORTS, CONFISCATED. BRITISH MERCHANTS ARRESTED AT HARBIN.

A telegram from the British Consul at Harbin reports that the Chinese police on January 18th arrested two British merchants, Messrs. Collins and Little (presumably Mr. W. F. Collins of Peking and Mr. E. S. Little of Hankow), who arrived there on the Trans-Siberian express. Their passports had been confiscated at Manchouli because they had no Chinese visa, and their release was secured only after the strongest pressure had been exerted and negotiations had proceeded for several hours.

No notification as to the necessity for a Chinese visa has been published by the Waichiaoju in Peking or by the local authorities in Manchuria, and as yet there has been no explanation of the high-handed action taken by the Harbin Administration.

Judging by the experience of those two travellers persons travelling on the Trans-Siberian railway to China would be well advised to provide themselves with a Chinese visa.

The Peking and Tientsin Times, commenting on this subject says these arrests are an outrage which calls for a strong protest from the British Government. Whether China is entitled under existing treaties to demand that British subjects entering her territory by the overland route shall obtain Chinese Consular visas we do not know. Certain it is that such visas, have not hitherto been insisted upon, and that it is not generally known that they are required. Scores of Britons have come out across Siberia during the past twelve months without Chinese visas, and have neither been asked to produce them, nor warned that they are necessary. The sudden enforcement of a regulation of this kind, which savours of one of Comrade Ivanoff's "Ordinances"—is an indignity which ought not to be tolerated. The Chinese Authorities, moreover, put themselves entirely in the wrong in arresting and detaining Messrs. Collins and Little at Harbin. If they had been guilty of any illegal act the duty of the Chinese authorities was to hand them over without delay to the nearest British Consular official. There was no necessity nor justification, for holding them in custody in Harbin, where there is a British Consul to whom they should have been sent immediately.

## A. H. SAVAGE LANDOR. FAMOUS EXPLORER OF THE FAR EAST.

Mr. Arnold Harry Savage Landor, traveller and explorer, who died at Florence on December 26th, was the son of Charles Savage Landor, and grandson of Walter Savage Landor. Born in Florence, he spent his life in travelling, and made expeditions in Japan, China, Korea, South Mongolia, Tibet, and elsewhere.

The journey which brought him most prominently before the public was that which he made in Tibet in 1897. It was rumoured in India that he and his followers had been beheaded. It was when he was within a few days of Lhasa that he was seized, dragged before a court, and was sentenced to imprisonment and even to death. After many days of hardship Landor and his servants were liberated and escorted back to the Indian frontier. Landor's book, "In the Forbidden Land," attracted a great deal of interest when it appeared in 1898, during which year he went on a lecturing tour.

He claimed to have been the first white man to reach both sources of the Brahmaputra and establish their exact position; the first white man to ascertain that no range higher than the Himalayas existed north of the Brahmaputra in Tibet; and the first white man to explore Central Mindanao and discover the "white tribe" of Mansakas. He also claimed to have reached an altitude of 23,490 ft. on Mount Lumpa, in Nepal, in 1899.

In 1900 he accompanied the Allied troops on the march to Peking, and was in the American War in Mindanao in 1903. In the Great War he saw a good deal along the entire Western front from Antwerp to Salonika. Mr. Savage Landor's books included "Alone with the Hairy Ainu," "Across Widest Africa," and "Across Unknown South America," and it was this gift of narration which made him popular as a lecturer. His most remarkable book is probably "Everywhere," which appeared last November.

## The Romance of a Great English Ducal House!

## WHEN KNIGHTHOOD WAS IN FLOWER

Tells the story of the noble house of Suffolk whose present representative might—but for the intervention of Queen Elizabeth—have been King of England To-day!

Crowded houses have already endorsed this fine film at

## THE CORONET

It is showing TO-DAY,  
at 2.15 p.m., 4.45 p.m., 7 p.m. Sharp & 9.20 p.m.

At Usual Prices

## THE JARDINE ENGINEERING CORPORATION, LTD.

Telephone:  
Central  
3351 & 215.

14, PEDDER STREET, HONGKONG.

Cable:  
"JARDINE,"  
Hongkong.

REPRESENTING

MERRYWEATHER &amp; SONS, LTD.

# FIRE FIGHTING APPARATUS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS

## PIANOS FOR SALE OR HIRE

TSANG FOOK PIANO CO.

TEL. 2137

94A, WANCHAI ROAD

## LUDWIG BURCHARD & Co.,

ESTABLISHED 1830.

BERLIN N. W. 7.

NEUE WILHELMSTRASSE 12/14.

BUYERS

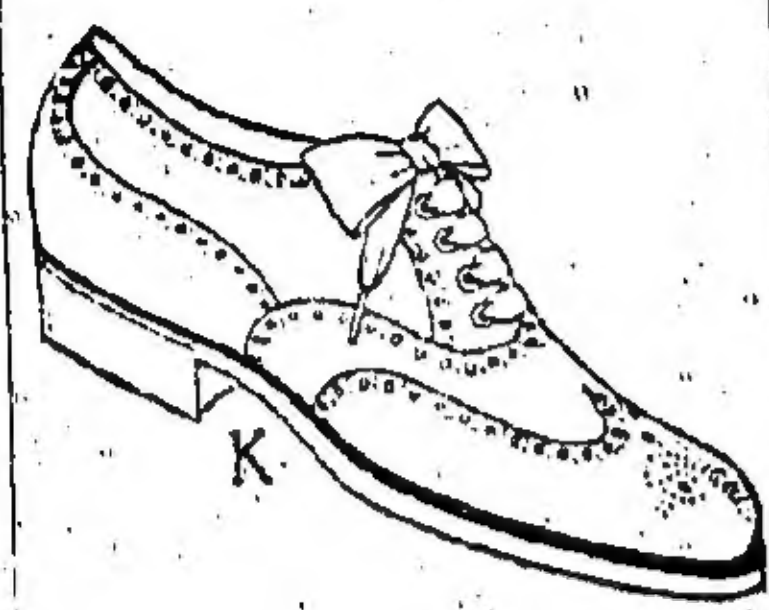
OF ALL CLASSES OF ORE AND METALS  
PAY HIGHEST PRICES.  
ESPECIALLY WOLFRAM AND BISMUTH

## CHINA AUCTION ROOMS.

FOR GOOD THINGS and REAL  
BARGAINS Come to The  
CHINA AUCTION ROOMS,  
China Building,  
Ground Floor.



# K Shoes



We all like our old Shoes, they are comfortable friends of long standing.

K Shoes are comfortable from the day you buy them. They are so well cut, so well built, and are made in such a variety of widths and lengths that any man can be perfectly fitted.

Stocked in plain and Brogue styles.

**Mackintosh**

& CO., LTD.

MEN'S WEAR SPECIALISTS

Alexandra Building, Des Voeux Road.



TAKE A PEG

OF

**JOHN BEGG**

BLUE CAP

AND

GOLD CAP

**DONNELLY**

&

**WHYTE,**

SOLE AGENTS.

TEL. 636.

**AMBER**

Necklaces  
Cigar Holders  
Cigarette Holders

GUARANTEED REAL

— BEAUTIFUL —

PRICE REASONABLE.

HALL, LAW & CO.,

TELEPHONE C. 3217

30-32, DES VOEUX ROAD C.

**SMART**

**SCOUT**

**HATS.**

**THE WING ON CO., LTD.,**  
HONGKONG.

**GREAT ECONOMY SALE**  
NOW ON.

Everything Marked

DOWN TO

Rock Bottom Prices

Come Early and

Have Your First Selection.

Sales started on 16th January.

**YEE SANG FAT CO.**

## CASH-DOWN COMMUNISTS.

### KUOMINTANG LEADERS' HUGE SUBSIDIES FROM MOSCOW.

A Chinese Correspondent of the Peking and Tientsin Times writes:—

"There are no real communists in China, and those who profess themselves so are only out for Russian money. If the Moscow Bolsheviks stop their subsidy to-day, all the so-called Chinese communists will discard their communist label to-morrow and throw in their lot with other parties." This is the opinion of Mr. Feng Shih Yu, an old member of the Kuomintang, and one of the leaders of the right wing of that party.

Mr. Feng, who is now staying at the Central Hotel Peking, expressed himself freely on the subject of communism in China in an interview with a special correspondent of the Peking and Tientsin Times. He admitted that the leadership of the Kuomintang was now in the hands of the communists who held most of the important positions in the party, but denied that the rank and file had any sympathy with the gospel of destruction and murder as preached by Moscow. On the contrary they were strongly opposed to the spurious followers of Marxism and had decided to organize a separate party to fight their pernicious activities in this country.

"The so-called 'Chinese communists,' continued Mr. Feng, 'are in a decided minority, although well organized as compared with other parties. They are principally drawn from the ranks of students, university professors and disgruntled politicians, and their principal object is to obtain money from the Russians. I have no knowledge of the exact amount which the Bolsheviks spend annually on propaganda work in this country, but it must be a tremendously large one, as in Canton alone they have already spent \$2,000,000. Most of this has gone into the pockets of the leaders with the result that those who profess themselves communists, all have fine motors and palatial residences."

Asked for his opinion whether Dr. Sun's present strong profession of love for the Bolsheviks was sincere, Mr. Feng replied in the negative. Dr. Sun, he said, was a great opportunist, and had no principle of his own in spite of his repeated pronouncement to the contrary. He had tried to befriended England, America, Japan in turn, and it was because he failed in his political ambitions with these countries that he had decided to turn to the Russian Bolsheviks. It was a case of political expediency pure and simple. If England, or America, or Japan, chose to support him in his political ambitions to-day he would have no use for the Bolsheviks the next morning.

Concerning the agitation for the abrogation of all unequal treaties of China, Mr. Feng said: "The movement is untimely and bound to defeat its own object. That some of China's treaties with the Powers need revision, not only Chinese but all reasonable foreigners are agreed, but the present moment is particularly unsuitable for launching such an agitation. For example, the extraterritorial rights of the Powers in China are the result of one of the unequal treaties which they have concluded with China, but if they have conferred benefits on foreigners they have benefited Chinese in an equal measure, as many of the Chinese political leaders, including Dr. Sun himself, have owed their lives to the existence of these rights. Moreover, the Chinese people have no confidence in their own courts and are, in many cases where it is possible, willing to have their cases heard by a foreign judge rather than a Chinese. I don't say, but I am sure that a Chinese litigant has more chance of obtaining justice there than in a Chinese court. When China develops an efficient judiciary and shows the world that she can govern herself, foreigners will be only too glad to give up their extra-territorial rights, but until then it is futile to hope that they will surrender them at the mere behest of a few irresponsible agitators. As to Dr. Sun's part in the agitation, it is entirely because he is under the influence of Moscow and not due to any conviction that the abolition of the unequal treaties will really pave the way for good government in China."

Mr. Feng also touched on the present anti-Christian agitation in Canton, saying that it was the work of the communists, and that the majority of the members of the party disapproved it, as members of belief is one of the planks of their party. He also said that he did not agree with those who say that the Kuomintang is a failure, declaring that the party has many capable men and that so far only five per cent. of these have been tried and found wanting.

Asked whether it was true that Dr. Sun said at a meeting in Canton last Spring when the anti-communist leaders of the Kuomintang were tried for their opposition to the communists, that opposition to communism meant opposition to one of the cardinal planks of the party and that according to Russian law they deserved the death penalty but because of his generous nature he recommended only their expulsion from the party, Mr. Feng said that he could vouch for the accuracy of this statement in every respect. It was made in the presence of over a hundred people.

Mr. Feng concluded by saying that there was little hope for the Reorganization Conference, or for the so-called People's Conference and that the Bolsheviks are trying their best to monopolize the proceedings of the latter, as indicated by the fact that many of the delegates sent by Dr. Sun to the provinces to explain the nature of the people's Conference, are communists.

## EUROPEAN FOUND SHOT.

### WOUND IN THE HEAD.

#### GRIM DISCOVERY IN KENNEDY ROAD.

##### ROAD.

Yet another tragedy involving the death of a European was reported yesterday, the dead man being Mr. F. C. Higgins, a well-known local tailor.

About 7.30 yesterday morning an Indian policeman was on duty in Kennedy Road, just above Wanchai, when he noticed a figure lying on a seat. He went forward to investigate and found an unconscious European, who was grasping a revolver in his hand. The man was shockingly wounded in the head.

There were two empty cartridges in the revolver, and it was clear that the fatal shot went through the head, from ear to ear. The fact that Mr. Higgins was alive when found suggested that the wound had been recently inflicted.

The constable immediately communicated with the Central Police Station, and an ambulance was dispatched, but on the way to the Government Civil Hospital the wounded man expired.

Police investigations followed the discovery, and the deceased's identity was soon established. The seat where Mr. Higgins was discovered was not far from the home of Mr. and Mrs. Simpson, with whom he lived.

The circumstances of the case indicate suicide, and it is stated that Mr. Higgins had business worries. Divisional Inspector C. Arie is in charge of the case.

A man of about 50, Mr. Higgins came to Hongkong about 30 years ago from Australia, and was employed as a cutter by Messrs. Lane, Crawford, Ltd. He left the Colony and travelled in Russia, and during the war served as an interpreter in Archangel. Returning to Hongkong in 1920, he joined the tailoring firm of Messrs. J. T. Shaw. For the past nine months Mr. Higgins had carried on a business of his own in Ice House Street. He leaves a widow and one son at home. The funeral will take place to-day.

## RACING IN SHANGHAI.

### RESULTS OF SECOND DAY OF I.R.C. MEETING.

The second day of the New Year Race Meeting, held under the auspices of the International Race Club of Shanghai took place on Tuesday. The results follow:—

RACE 1 (One Mile).

Little Drummer (Mr. S. Liou) 1

Impudence (Mr. J. K. Brand) 2

The Whitebat (Mr. E. McBain) 3

Time: 2.11.2.5.

RACE 2 (One Mile).

Zouave (Mr. M. O. Springfield) 1

Censorship (Mr. J. Liou) 2

Mexican Money (Mr. V. M. Haimovitch) 3

Time: 2.06.1.5.

RACE 3 (One Mile).

Advancement (Mr. J. Liou) 1

Contractor (Mr. W. Hu) 2

Prize Money (Mr. V. M. Haimovitch) 3

Time: 2.09.2.5.

RACE 4 (1½ Miles).

Borderland (Mr. A. N. Dallas) 1

Moonstar (Mr. J. R. Brand) 2

The Koulan (Mr. W. Hu) 3

\* Dead-heat for first place.

Time: 2.43.3.5.

RACE 5 (1½ Miles).

Dignity II (Mr. J. K. Brand) 1

Zambo (Mr. A. J. P. Heard) 2

Great Lake (Mr. W. Hu) 3

Time: 2.46.

RACE 6—THE DEBUT (1½ Miles).

Warren Ford (Mr. A. J. P. Heard) 1

Bargain Money (Mr. V. M. Haimovitch) 2

Diomedes (Mr. E. McBain) 3

Time: 3.18.2.5.

RACE 7 (7 Furlongs).

Shenkoland (Mr. A. N. Dallas) 1

Green Chrysanthemum (Mr. C. Encarnacao) 2

Henry H. (Mr. L. P. Quincey) 3

Time: 1.47.2.5.

RACE 8 (1½ Miles).

Distinction (Mr. L. P. Quincey) 1

Tarus (Mr. E. McBain) 2

Albino (Mr. C. Encarnacao) 3

Time: 2.46.4.5.

RACE 9 (1 Mile).

Pineapple (Mr. A. N. Dallas) 1

Little Monk (Mr. J. Liou) 2

Grantchester (Mr. E. McBain) 3

Time: 1.33.

RACE 10 (1 Mile).

Greenhorn (Mr. Sokoloff) 1

Greenapple (Mr. Haimovitch) 2

Comedy General (Mr. W. Hu) 3

The Throistle (Mr. E. McBain) 4

\* Dead-heat for third place.

Time: 2.10.2.5.

RACE 11 (1½ Miles).

Swallowtail (Mr. H. E. Morris) 1

Altai (Mr. E. McBain) 2

Polydorus (Mr. E. McBain) 3

\* Dead-heat for first place. No time cable.

## CHINA MEDICAL MISSIONS.

### BIENNIAL CONFERENCE CONCLUDED YESTERDAY.

#### CHILD HYGIENE WANTED.

##### CHILD HYGIENE WANTED.

After a comprehensive and interesting programme, comprising reports, papers and discussion, dealt with during the past few days, the China Medical Missionary Association concluded an exceptionally busy 17th Biennial Conference at the Hongkong University yesterday.

At the close, the delegates, although perhaps wearied after the strenuous sessions held during the Conference, had the satisfaction of knowing they had accomplished much useful, profitable and important work during its course.

At the morning session yesterday, the discussion of the previous day on the advisability or not of having B Grade Medical Schools was continued. The following resolution was passed: "That the standard of Medical Education be not further raised until it is possible for the large bulk of existing schools to obtain full recognition according to the present standards. That in general the present standards be maintained, subject to such minor modifications; or as the Council of Medical Education and Executive, after very careful consideration, finds it desirable to make it necessary for schools to register."

It was reported that invitations had been received from both Peking and Tsinanfu, Shantung, to hold the next Conference there.

## NEED OF CHILD WELFARE.

A paper on the subject of "Community and Child Hygiene, or the Opportunity for Preventive Medicine in China," prepared by Dr. F. J. Wampler, was read by Dr. F. F. Tucker.

In it the author dealt with the spread of disease and its character both in a wide distribution over China and also where it was confined to local areas. He asked whether it was better for doctors to wait until a few people came to the hospitals, or was it not better for part of the Medical Staff to visit areas affected with certain diseases, such as diphtheria and cholera, and initiate the people into the use of anti-toxins and teach them how and when to use preventive measures and medicine, before the disease took hold of them. If there was an epidemic in an adjoining area, surely it was better and more desirable to use measures to prevent it from coming to their own district. It could be seen from the tables that nearly half the children in China died before they reached their fifth birthday. Surely they could not leave it at this. They must allow the Good Samaritan spirit scope and try to do something in this matter.

A great deal of the disease prevalent in China was the result of sexual vice. An important thing to achieve was the suppression of commercialised vice and the closing of the houses of a certain class of vice. A greater effort should be made to make people get vaccinated instead of inoculated. They should make vaccination more popular than inoculation, which had the disadvantage that there was an average of one death in 500 cases. There was also the great danger of diseases caused by sexual vice. They should attempt to get the Government to carry out an intensive campaign in which the people might be taught about personal hygiene. They could protect a person from his neighbours, but unless he or she understood what personal hygiene meant, they could not protect them from themselves. They should, as members of the medical profession, give all they could and impart their knowledge to China on the subject of preventive medicine and hygiene, especially as regarded the mother and the child.

Contributing a second paper on "Community Child Hygiene," Dr. Iva Miller said modern hygiene as regarded the mother and the child was at present unknown in China on the part of the majority. When the child was ill the mother either prayed to her gods to spare the child's life, or came to the foreign doctor and asked him to guarantee that the child would live to be an old man. Dr. Miller added that campaigns had been successfully carried out in England, America, the Colonies, India and Siam, and remarked that as a result of this extensive education on these subjects the infant mortality had been considerably reduced and the general health of both mother and child materially improved. These results should stimulate the interest of the doctors to attempt a similar education on these lines through China in their respective areas. She suggested that health and child welfare centres should be started in as close proximity to the hospitals as possible, and that a certain number of nurses and native workers should be specially trained by the Nurses Association to carry out the training of Community Child Hygiene in China.

In a discussion which followed the two papers, it was agreed that they were admirable and that the suggestions made in them should be carried out, but that the difficulty was to get the Chinese to do it. It was, however, unanimously agreed that community hygiene and child welfare work should be instituted and that a special staff of nurses must be trained for the work.

The proposed revision of the Constitution and by-laws of the China Medical Missionary Association were presented and discussed in detail during the morning and the early part of the afternoon session, after which, with minor amendments to the wording, they were adopted.

## RESOLUTIONS.

Various resolutions, recording the thanks and appreciation of the China Medical Missionary Association for the messages received from different bodies, hospitality extended, and assistance given them during the Conference by different persons were passed at the morning session; while others were passed in the afternoon at the closing meeting.

Among the resolutions passed, were thanks and appreciation to the National Medical Association of China, for their congratulatory message; to the Commissioner of Foreign Affairs for his greetings; to the Executive Officer of China, for his message; to the C.M.B. for their financial grant to the Association; to the American College of Surgeons, for their greetings and interest in Medical Education in China; to Dr. E. W. Wallace, for the paper and report on the recent conference on School health; to Dr. Paul C. Hodges, for his personal interest and help in developing X-Ray service in China, and to the C.M.B. for their assistance in making the work of Dr. Hodges possible; to Professor Shell-shear, Earle and Anderson, for their contribution to the success of the conference; to Dr. C. T. Maitland, for his paper on Health in Industry; and to the Association in India and Siam and to Dr. Muir (their president) for his help at the Conference.

## THE NEXT CONFERENCE.

In the afternoon the question of the influence which American films were producing in China, especially among young people, was raised, and the hope was expressed that this question would be taken up as part of the regular work of the China Medical Missionary Society.

Several delegates pointed out the harm that was being done, and suggested that they, as a medical body, for the sex question was involved—should take some action. After further discussion it was decided to refer the matter to the National Christian Council in Shanghai for their consideration.

The question of cooperation with the Chinese Christian Church in medical work, hospitals and dispensing was also raised, and it was agreed that this matter should be referred to the Council for Hospital Administration.

The conference decided that the question of the arrangement of the various sections at the next conference should be left to the Executive Committee, and that the choice of the place for holding it also be left to the Executive.

## A CORRECTION.

[TO THE EDITOR OF THE "HONGKONG DAILY PRESS"]

Sir,—In your condensation of my address last Sunday evening I am made to say that if a man would look into the work of medical missions instead of standing outside and criticising he "would soon discover a benevolence which nothing to do with the spiritual nature." What I said was, "he would soon discover that the benevolence which has nothing to say to the spiritual nature of man misuses half its mark, and that the greater half"—Yours faithfully,  
J. KIRK MACONACHIE.

## THE NEW G.O.C.

### GEN. LUARD'S MILITARY CAREER.

Major-General Charles Camo Luard, C.B., C.M.G., who has been appointed to the command of the British troops in China, is a member of an old naval and military family. He passed his regimental service from 1885 to 1918 in the Durham Light Infantry, and later in the Indian Army.

His first active service was in the Zho Valley Expedition, 1890-91, when he was Assistant-Superintendent of Signalling, followed by service in the South African War, 1900-02, when he commanded the Burma Mounted Infantry with much success (mentioned in despatches, promoted brevet-major, Queen's medal with four clasps and King's medal with two clasps).

In the late war he saw much and varied service on the staff, and as a brigade commander against the Yezus and Mohmands and other tribesmen of the North-West Frontier, who, at the instigation of German agents, were giving a lot of trouble, and also the turbulent Mahauds, one of the most treacherous and bloodthirsty of the hill tribes. Again, in the closing phases of the war, he commanded a brigade in Mesopotamia (mentioned in despatches three times 1914-15, Star, British War Medal, Victory Medal, C.B. and C.M.G.). He was promoted major-general on New Year's Day 1922.



## IN FRIENDSHIP'S NAME.

A TRIBUTE TO THE MEMORY OF  
H. A. CARTWRIGHT.

(Continued.)

January 27th.

Many of us who this afternoon reverently followed the mortal remains of our friend felt very sorrowful. We knew, however, how fitting it was that one who had so identified himself with all that is best in this Colony should find a final resting place in a beautiful part of the world, with a name so triumphant as Happy Valley. For we thought of our friend as the Happy Warrior—as one who always showed us the smiling face even if he felt it a duty to disagree with us. He was happy and he was a warrior, but his weapons were always clean. If he lost the battle, and that seldom happened, he bore no one a grudge. He was a good loser, or, as the phrase of the school-boy has it, "he was a real sportsman."

Ten years is not a negligible portion of a man's life, and for ten years we knew each other intimately. Never mind the beginnings of our acquaintance, but it happened in Hongkong. What made one pass so quickly into intimacy was the trust that was stimulated. It is, perhaps, a curious fact that weeks would elapse between our accidental meetings. Yet there never was any difficulty in picking up the old threads of conversation. We had a common interest in Freemasonry and we often talked about it. He believed in it with a simple but splendid faith. Especially did he believe in the idea of the brotherhood of man. We often talked on religion. He was no ritualist, but he was a Christian in the finest sense of the word.

On reflection it does seem strange that we saw so much of each other, because we nearly always met in a casual manner. We never travelled on a boat—and that is often where friendships are formed. We probably found our first common denominator in freemasonry. Later on we discussed our mutual likes and dislikes. It is almost safe to say that no word that was uncharitable passed his lips. For the weaknesses of human nature he had sympathy and at times even a smile.

Of his business ability it would be impertinent to make suggestions for it is not possible to make even a guess. Yet we often talked about values. We used to agree that money is often very much over-rated, a vulgar display of wealth never made him envious; it scarcely annoyed him. It seemed to him such a waste of effort.

He was not a very ambitious man. He had no great desire for local fame. He was, most certainly, no social "climber." His great ambition was to do an honest day's work and live in harmony with his fellows. Yet he would not purchase peace at the price of taking the line of least resistance. He had views and he held to them with a great tenacity of purpose, and, for all that, he made no enemies. In his work it would have been so easy to be "clever" at the expense of poor, feeble, human nature. He never attempted such a "stunt." He often stood as a shield for others.

A radical in many of his views, he was a conservative in others. He was very conservative concerning the dignity and the responsibility of the Press. He believed in his calling and he was always ready to defend it.

There was something essentially English about my friend. It gladdens me that he was a member of the committee of the local English Society. He was the Englishman at his best—not the unfortunate, bilious type that likes to quarrel, but the smiling, almost care-free grown-up schoolboy that reminded us, by his presence, of the countryside and the sunny days in England.

As we travel through life we meet an amazing variety in human nature. Some people immediately attract us. Others make us despair. My friend was the last person to suggest despair. Memories are sacred, but as we grow older they make up the web of our lives. This is only a feeble, but very sincere, tribute to one who presented many of us with very happy memories. Let us always think of him as a good influence that will continue in this Colony. It was a great happiness to talk to him on intimate subjects. It will always be a happiness to remember such a sunny nature.

[By way of a footnote to this estimate of our late Chief's character, formed by an outside contributor from chance meetings, it may be permitted to a colleague who had worked in closest intimacy with him for six years, to say that he agrees with practically every line of it; and to add, on the point on which our contributor says it is not possible for him to make a guess, that the late Mr. Cartwright was unquestionably a man of rare executive ability.—Ed.]

## LOCAL SPORT.

YESTERDAY'S FOOTBALL.  
SHANGHAI v. SOUTH CHINA.

LOCAL TEAM BEAT VISITORS BY THREE GOALS TO TWO.

The weather was much against good football when the local Chinese met the Shanghai team on the H.K.F.C. ground yesterday afternoon. Owing to injuries received in the match on Monday, the Shanghai team after putting in their Reserves were still a man down and J. Stewart of the Hongkong F.C. filled the gap. In spite of the inclement weather, a large crowd turned out to witness the game which proved exciting throughout. Rain fell lightly throughout the game and accurate football was out of the question owing to the state of the ground and the slippery ball. South China made one change from their originally selected team, Chan So turning out in place of Cheung Wing Shing. The teams lined up as under:—

Shanghai.—Remedios; Ewing and Turner; Dorly, J. Stewart and Gowan; Collaco, Evans, Goldman, Coulcher and Moosa.

South China.—Hui Shing In; Lai Yuk Tat and Chan So; Leung Yik Tong, Wong Shiu Wa and Yam Yuk Ying; Pang Kani Wing, Suen Kim Shun, Wong Pak Chung, Lai Wai Tong and Chan Kwong Ju.

Referee: Mr. Spencer.

Linesmen: Messrs. F. Smith and Smith, R.A.

In the absence of Phillips, Coulcher captained the Shanghai team. He lost the toss to Wong Pak Chung. The visitors were the first to get going, but they were held in check by the South China defence. Gowan cleared at the expense of a corner to a centre by Chan Kwong Ju. Turner cleared the flag kick and Coulcher raced away to be beaten by Leung Yuk Tong close in. Goldman returned but sent in wide. Shanghai did well in the open but their forwards could not finish and several times fell when about to shoot. Stewart sent Moosa away, but the left winger made very little ground before he was beaten by Lam Yuk Ying. Coulcher took the ball from the halfway and looked a certain scorer, but his shot just went wide. The play was fairly even and each end was visited in turn, but shooting was erratic. The interval arrived with a blank score sheet.

## THE SECOND HALF.

Whereas the opening half had been goalless, the second half produced no less than five goals. Shanghai got away from the centre but Moosa sent in wide. Chan Kwong Ju was sent down the line and Ewing gave a corner. Dorly cleared and Suen Kim Shun, running in, sent wide. Wong Pak Chung had a good opening, but sent in a tame shot that Remedios picked up and threw out; Suen, however, was lying handy and sent in a fast shot which Remedios stopped but failed to hold and the ball dropped behind him. Although the goalie cleared, the referee, after consultation with the linesmen, pointed to the centre of the field and South China was one up.

Turner, who was playing a very sound game, stopped a fine combination between Wong Pak Chung and Lai Wai Tong. At the other end, Coulcher made a good opening for Goldman but the latter sent in wide. Lai Wai Tong sent the ball forward and Suen Kim Shun, showing the field a clean pair of heels, beat Remedios with a fast shot from close range. South China 2, Shanghai 0.

Shanghai got away from the centre kick, but Wong Pak Chung was pulled up for fouling. Turner took the kick but sent straight to Hui who cleared at the second attempt. Shanghai broke through and Goldman taking the ball on the run from a pass by Coulcher gave Hui no chance with a well placed shot. South China 2, Shanghai 1.

The visitors went all out to level up, but with the exception of Coulcher and Goldman the forwards could not control the ball and the South China defence generally cleared with ease. Lai Wai Tong then scored a fine goal; after running round Ewing and working out to the right he sent in a high shot that completely beat Remedios. South China 3, Shanghai 1.

Shanghai at once went out to reduce South China's lead but Collaco sent behind. Coulcher came through and turning with the ball near the goal line was hooked down by Lai Yuk Tat and Shanghai were awarded a penalty. Turner came forward to take the kick and beat Hui Shing In, making the score: South China 4, Shanghai 2.

Shanghai came again and Evans sent in a shot which was easily cleared. With Coulcher and Goldman well placed, a pass would have probably been improved upon. The final whistle sounded leaving South China winners by three goals to two.

To-day Shanghai meet the Services on the Club ground at 4.15 p.m.

## LAWN TENNIS TOURNAMENT.

The Hongkong Cricket Club's annual tennis tournament will be held on the cricket ground, commencing on Monday, March 2nd. Entries close on February 14th.

## CANTON NEWS.

[FROM OUR CHINESE CORRESPONDENT.]  
THE LEADERSHIP OF THE KUOMINTANG.

The party caucus of the Kuomintang in Canton has so far failed to announce the probable successor of Dr. Sun Yat Sen who, as previously reported, in these columns, is not expected by the following to be able to direct the Kuomintang's activities in this part of China any longer. The latest suggestion is again to invite General Chen Chiung Ming, chief rival of Dr. Sun for power in Canton and an anti-Bolshevik, back to the Kuomintang fold, on condition that he shall cease hostilities towards the factions now dominating Kwangtung, or rather the 17 of the 96 districts in the province. Mr. Hu Han Min, acting Generalissimo of the Red Army in Canton in the absence of Dr. Sun, and Mr. Liao Chung Hoi, a former Civil Governor now leading the labour elements of the Bolshevik stronghold, according to reports current, are opposed to the return of General Chen to the Kuomintang, their present policy being to maintain the radical faction as desired by the Soviet advisers now in Canton. Others mentioned for the leadership of the Kuomintang are Mr. Lin Sun, formerly President of the Chinese Senate and Civil Governor at Amoy, but now acting as Chief of the Commissary for Reconstruction in the Kuomintang Party; and Mr. Sun Fo, son of Dr. Sun Yat Sen, and former Canton Mayor.

Other former Kuomintang lights who have been quiet during the last two years in which the Bolshevik faction has been controlling affairs, appear to be trying to re-establish themselves. They are expressing dissatisfaction with those now forming the Central Executive Committee, a majority of whose members, are Bolsheviks. Among those offering themselves for service in the party to be reorganized is Mr. Cheong Tien Tow, a former managing-director of the Provincial Bank of Kwangtung, who was fined, or forced to pay a war contribution of about \$400,000 last April to Dr. Sun's war chest for failing to render proper accounts for the \$39,000,000 worth of unsecured paper money his bank had issued during 1920, 1921, and 1922.

## NEW CONSULS FOR MANILA.

Mr. Lin Goh Wang, the new Chinese Consul-General, and Mr. Hsi Ki Chow, Vice-Consul, to the Philippines, who left Peking on January 15th, passed through Hongkong on the 25th. While in Hongkong, they were guests of Mr. Tso Yee Pei, manager of the Bank of China at Hongkong, and Mr. Liang Shi Yi, an ex-Premier of Peking. They departed for Manila on the s.s. *President Jackson* on the 26th.

## THE ANTI-BOLSHEVIST FORCES.

The General Headquarters of the anti-Bolsheviks has been removed from Swatow to Waichow since January 27th, and General Heng Shao Lin, garrison commander at Swatow, has left there to the "front."

General Gaston K. Wong, Chief of Staff to the Army of General Chen Chiung Ming, is reported to have said to some of his friends that the movement of troops in the Eastern Front has not ceased, as is generally believed, and that the position of his men is now far better than before the Chinese New Year.

Kuomintang supporters are claiming, however, that their position in Canton has been greatly strengthened since the Bolshevik attack, and they say the anti-Bolsheviks will find it no easy task to enter the city.

## A SMART CAPTURE.

SHAUKIWAN POLICEMAN'S QUICK RESPONSE.

A constable on duty at Shaukiwian police station last evening, hearing cries of "save life" and seeing a Chinese in flight, gave chase and captured a young painter, who will be charged to-day with attempted robbery with violence.

It appears that about 6 o'clock last evening, as a Chinese girl was returning home, she was waylaid by the man now under arrest, who drew a pocket-knife and threatened to kill her if she called out. He attempted to snatch a gold-mounted bangle off one of her wrists, but took to his heels when she shouted for assistance. Her cries were heard by the constable, who, as stated above, made a smart capture.

## ARMED ATTEMPT FOILED.

Two armed men at Yaumati also met their match yesterday when, after throwing pepper in the eyes of a Chinese storekeeper, employed by a firm of contractors, at 50, Temple Street, they proceeded to ransack the place. Their victim pluckily raised an alarm and struggled with the men, who eventually made off. A European, who had heard the storekeeper's shout for help, gave chase but failed to capture either of the robbers. Each man is alleged to have carried a revolver.

## PEKING NOTES.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]  
A SERIOUS JAR TO THE PRESENT REGIME.

PEKING, January 14th.

Peking is in a state of greater uncertainty than ever. Just when, hoping against hope as it were, we were beginning to believe that there might be a possibility of Marshal Tuan Chui Jui steering the country into a state of comparative peace, there comes the news of the set back at Shanghai, resulting in the Peking appointee there having to seek refuge in the Settlement and the combination of Kiangsu and Chekiang aligned against the Government. What this new alignment will lead to no one can tell, but every one must admit that it constitutes a serious jar to the present regime.

Marshal Hsiao Yao Nua has consented to the cancellation of his tuchanship and had been appointed Tapan of Hupeh, thus suggesting an accretion of strength in the Yangtze. In conjunction with this there was an apparent improvement in communications, with the exception of the Peking-Hankow line.

## SUN YAT SEN'S ATTITUDE.

Admittedly there is an obverse to the picture. Sun Yat Sen's followers had criticised the National Conference on the ground that it did not include democratic elements and that any decision reached would not represent national ideals but would express the views of militarists who have already distracted the country in their own selfish interests. This criticism may be true, but nevertheless the disposition of national affairs will for some time rest with those who can exercise power. If Tuan Chui Jui does not succeed in steering the nation to a peaceful settlement of differences, then it is obvious that other men and other measures will be tried.

## WHY DID CHANG RETURN.

Just why Chang Tso Lin should return to Mukden on Sunday is not at all clear. Several explanations are feasible. The first is that he desired to get back to Manchuria to make the usual Chinese New Year settlements. The second is that he was worried over Bolshevik activities in his own citadel. The third is that he was bored waiting for something to be done by Peking in the direction of re-organisation. And the fourth is the possibility that his return to Mukden might induce Feng Yu Hsiang to come into the open. Whatever the actual explanation, it looks to many as if his support were withdrawn from the present administration.

## WHAT THE CHINESE BELIEVE.

Having promised that the Christian General has declined to "take up his office as Tapan of the North-Western Frontier, and that Sun Yat Sen is still under medical attention, it may be interesting to leave the realm of speculation, and repeat what the Chinese themselves profess to believe. They declare that Tuan Chui Jui will not remain long in Peking. In fact, they assert that China New Year will see a period put to his term of Chief Executive. They also assert that Sun Yat Sen as the first constitutional president will resume his old post—for a time only. From the foregoing it will be apparent that the Chinese do not imagine that the era of peace is yet in sight.

## INTERRUPTED COMMUNICATIONS.

Leaving politics for more martial affairs, it has to be recorded that quite an outcry has been raised against the interruption of communications which has resulted in a scarcity of food and a serious shortage of coal. The outcry has not been without effect, and efforts have been made by the Ministry of Communications to secure locomotives and cars, with some degree of success. Coal has been coming here in drabets, and prices are high. There appears to be plenty of rice, but there is not enough flour to meet local wants. Commodities of all kinds are fetching famine prices.

## AN ALERT SERGEANT.

Prompt action by Sergeant Taylor, of the Hongkong Police, opposite the Queen's Theatre on Tuesday afternoon, saved the life of a Chinese coolie. A gang of men were engaged in excavation work in a trench and a gas connection was accidentally dislodged, with the result that one coolie was overcome by the fumes and lay still in the trench, while a crowd of Chinese stood by and gazed at him with characteristically useless interest.

Sergeant Taylor was passing the scene at the time, and jumping into the trench, rescued the man. By applying first aid, the officer brought him to partial consciousness. The coolie was sent to Hospital and recovered.

## PROPERTY SALE.

LEASEHOLD AT HUNGHOM.

At the China Auction Rooms, China Building, yesterday afternoon, Mr. E. V. M. R. De Sousa, auctioneer, disposed of three leasehold properties situate at Hunghom, and known as No. 6, Baker Street, No. 3, New Western Market, and No. 5, Winslow Street.

The properties are situated upon the remaining portion of Hunghom Inland Lot No. 241, and cover an area of 3,223 square feet, or thereabouts, and are held for the term of 75 years from the 1st of January, 1901, with a right of renewal. The Crown Rent is \$28.40 per annum. The properties were quickly disposed of, being knocked down to Mr. Ng Sai Kam, 225, Hollywood Road, for \$8,000.

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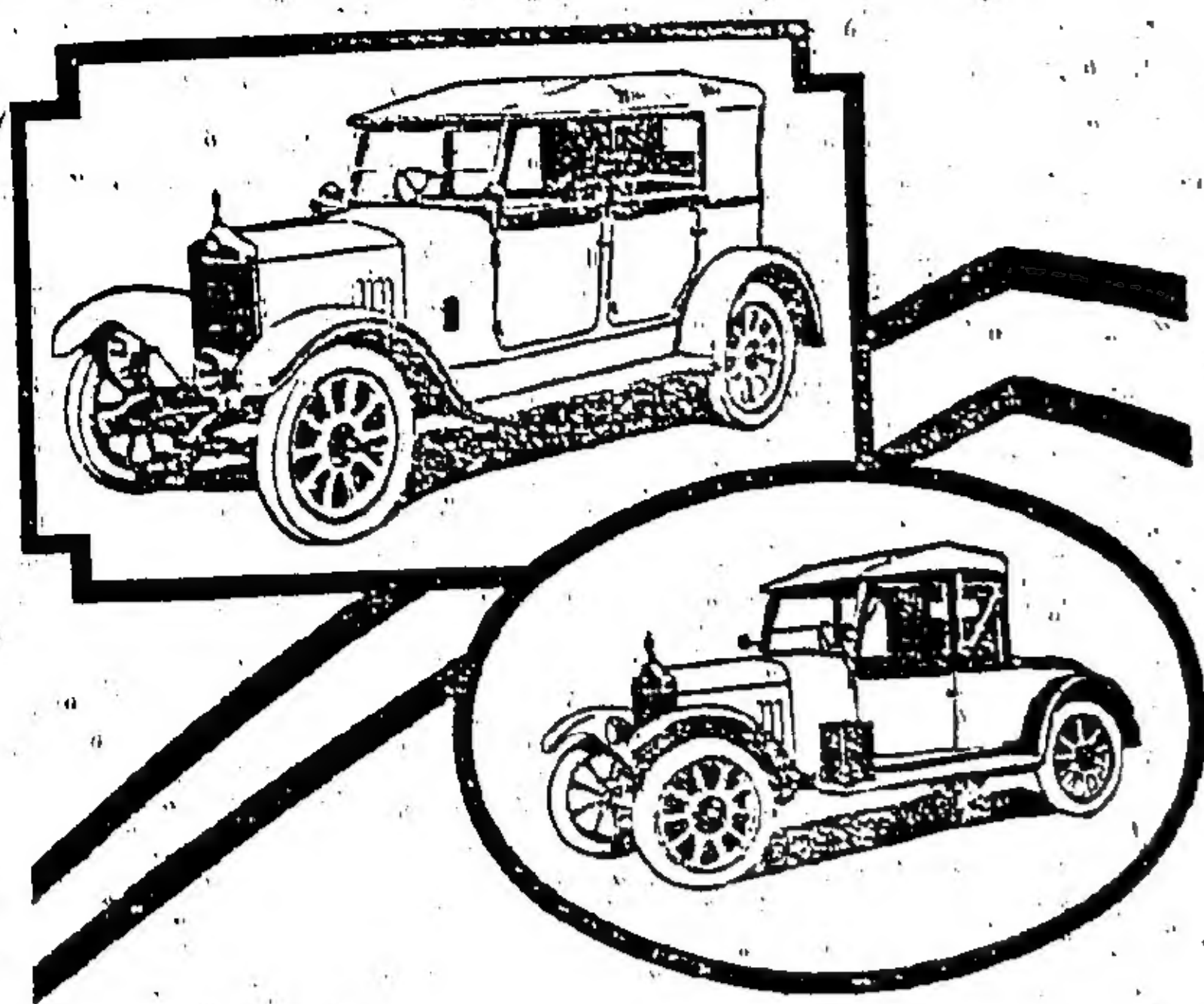












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PARIS FASHION NOTES.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT, ISABEL HANLEY.)

PARIS, December 22nd.

Paris is a place of grey skies, of grey buildings and of grey-clad people these wintry days. Everyone seems to be going about with an expression that plainly says: "Ugh! How cold it is!" Taxi-drivers are muffled up in great gaiting coats that make you wonder, on paying your fare, if it has not been a polar bear escaped from the zoological gardens who has been driving you and the children of Paris, those mites who provide so much of the colour and gaiety of the city in their quaint, harmonious clothes, are now so submerged beneath coats, gaiters, mufflers and fur topplings generally, that they look like so many out sizes in barrels getting about. And, all, even those who have not a hope of ever getting to such an earthly Paradise either this winter or any future one, are thinking with longing of the sunshine of the Riviera and of the comparative handful of humanity who will be able to escape during the next few weeks to this land of flowers and sunshine.

THE TRUNKS OF SOCIETY.

Society, of course, goes *en masse* with their trunks piled high with the winter dresses and hats the designers of Paris have prepared specially for them for this time of the year packed into the compartments of the *Train Bleu*, the most luxuriously-fitted train the ingenuity of man has yet produced, that runs from Calais to the New Year. They will wait, on both sides of the Channel for the Christmas and New Year celebrations and, once these have been conscientiously observed, those who are already in Europe and those who have to cross the Channel to get this far, will, with one accord, crowd into every available boat and train and supplementary train and hire their southward, having first taken the precaution to provide themselves with a collection of suitable clothes to last them through the season.

RIVIERA CLOTHES.

From now on till February, when they will show their Spring collections, all the big couturiers, and modest ones will confine their attention to nothing but Riviera clothes. What might be termed a dress rehearsal of these was held last week at a *matinee* given by *Femina* at the Palais du Glace. The Duchess de Gramont acting as mistress of ceremonies and *Aldred de Fouquieres*, the *Bras Brummet* of France announced the various numbers with his usual debonaire grace. By way of a comic interlude (clothes are taken so very seriously in Paris) those famous clowns, the Fratellini brothers, gave a performance of their musical act, in the course of which they introduced the audience to a new instrument that is a recent invention of theirs. This is a cross between the bones and the slide trumpet, and it plays quite recognisable tunes. As well as this turn, there was an exhibition of fancy skating given by champions of the Palais du Glace, in which the real reason for this being to enable different famous couturiers to show off to the skaters their latest sports costumes.

There were two groups of clothes presented, those destined for sports wear and those destined for the Casino in the evening. Each group presented a decided tendency, the first towards the use of trousers for sports wear, the second towards the use of fuller skirts. The trousers were frequently worn with a knee length coat or with a short-skirt to cover them up. As to the fuller skirts displayed with nearly all the evening models, I noticed that these did not in the least change the general rule of the narrow silhouette, in every case, the fullness being hidden or disguised by means of slits, pleats and godets. Nevertheless, both these innovations are significant and will doubtless have an influence on the styles of the coming season.

CAPTIVATING KASCHA.

Kascha seemed to me to be the material most chosen for sports wear. The light weight, and the soft quality of the kascha wool make it admirably adapted to warm as well as to cold weather, and, as the Riviera climate can change from tropical practically within the space of a few hours, designers chose it for preference. One particularly smart costume was in beige kascha, made with closely-fitted knickers which stopped above the knee, but were covered with a skirt of rainbow-striped kascha that extended just to the knee. Golf stockings were worn with this costume, rolled down so as to leave the knees bare, while a close-fitting hat of kascha to match and sturdy tan shoes completed the ensemble.

A number of sports suits with pleated skirts in lieu of the more modern trousers, were also shown. Some were of white kascha, which is to be one of the most popular materials for out-of-door clothes on the Riviera this year. Short jumpers, reaching to the hips, make the ideal finish for pleated skirts, is the opinion of the couturiers, and so a number of such simple turn-outs appeared. Some had small pockets added near the hem of the blouse, a note of variety was added to others by means of scarves which could be wound about the throat or left hanging down loosely from the shoulder. A touch of regency trimmed several of the white costumes, taking the form of an embroidered monogram set in the centre front, a scarf facing, pocket linings, pipings and the like.

Crushed raspberry was the colour of one of the most effective sports ensembles shown, the material again being kascha. This consisted in a one-piece frock clearing the ground about sixteen inches, and a coat to match that completely covered up the frock and was

finished with a shawl collar of raspberry-dyed hare. As far as one could judge from the models shown at this parade, I should say that fur will be as much worn down on the Riviera and during the coming summer, as it was last year. And this means dyed fur as well as specimens of natural colour, for, even since the day when the dyer and furrier joined forces, there was little hope of our ever being certain again of not meeting grass green, peacock blue, mustard yellow fur or some such other gentle shade in our travels.

VOGUE OF THE STRAIGHT FIGURE.

The evening gowns and wraps shown were dominated by a simplicity of line that allowed for full freedom of movement in walking or dancing yet retained the straight silhouette which is so essential to smartness these days. A model from Phillippe et Gaxton showed the circular flounce for which this house is so famous, but the fullness of the flounce was so cleverly managed that it fell in supple folds about the ankles rather than flared outward. Another model showed a circular-cut front which, however, clung closely to the figure. The slender silhouette effect achieved in this type of gown is usually a result of the use of a narrow underskirt which is slit to the knees beneath the full front or panels, so that there is plenty of room for walking or dancing.

All the couturiers are showing in their Riviera collections, little crepe frocks that are particularly smart as well as practical. The lines of these in effect are straight and narrow in effect, though fullness is introduced in a variety of ways. Pleating is a favourite method of combining fullness with an effect of straight lines. Other advantages from a sartorial point of view is that they suggest height and slenderness and are, for the present at any rate, a novelty. The bolero-slip gowns which have been so much the vogue during the past season, have reached the stage when they are apt to be a little too plain and a little too trying to wear; hence, the welcome accorded to the pleated panels of this season. For evening gowns and wraps, everything that glitters will be worn, judging by the brilliance and general glitter of the Riviera collections. Silver and gold lamés, plain or shining, sleek fulgurant satins and shirings, beautiful silks for evening gowns, with velvets in royal shades of purple, amaranth, cerise and royal blue and again lamés for the wraps that cover them. All of the latter, almost without exception are finished with great collars of fur, sometimes as well, with deep bands of fur round the hem or edging the sleeves or the side slits that do duty for such. The reversible coat that is a combination of velvet and lamé capable of being worn either side, is greatly in vogue, as much for its effectiveness as for its practical virtues.

CREEPY LITTLE HATS.

Hats are cheeky little affairs that start out by being narrow of brim and close-fitting like the cloche and end in crowns that are peaked and pointed and twisted like no other hat has ever been since ever hats existed. Those destined for the Riviera are made for the most part of material to match the dress, or coat of which they are to be worn. There is a sprinkling of wide-brimmed, straw hats but so few as to threaten to stray along wearers conspicuous as they stroll along the sun-bathed terrace at Monte Carlo. Summed up then, the Riviera fashions come under six headings: white kascha for sports wear, crepe frocks for out-of-door wear, brilliant fabrics for evening wear, small hats ending in a peaked crown, fur as a trimming and the narrow silhouette, in effect if not in fact, for morning, noon and evening wear.



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**OGONDAI.**—Most beautiful and select Seaside Resort in the Far East. Two miles from Port Arthur. Formerly the Summer Resort of the high Russian officers and officials. Yamato Hotel and 20 villas and bungalows, mostly with detached servants' quarters. Excellent bathing, wonderful scenery, historic battlefields, Ruined and dismantled Forts, Miles of charming walks and drives. Abundant Fishing Facilities. Orchestra twice a week. Best place for high-class families.

**PORT ARTHUR.**—Famous for its two memorable Sieges and its beautiful landlocked harbor. Exactly one hour's journey Dairen by express train. Yamato Hotel (16 rooms). Excellent place of historical and scenic interest to all with a fresh walk or drive every day. Most healthy and salubrious spot in the Far East.

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Applications may be sent to the Hotel Managers at the various resorts or to THE SUPERINTENDENT OF HOTELS, Traffic Department, Cable Add.: MANITSEY. SOUTH MANCHURIA RAILWAY, Dairen. Codes: A.B.C. 5th Ed. A. Liebert.

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Consult for description of Machinery or Engineering Plans on application to

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## SCOTTISH SPORT.

RIVAL HIGH SCHOOLS RUGBY.

CRITICAL RESULTS IN THE  
LEAGUE.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

EDINBURGH, December 23rd.

All the leading teams in Rugby won their games last week. It had been anticipated that the meeting of Glasgow High School F.P.'s and Royal High School F.P.'s would provide a close contest, and up till half-time these anticipations looked like proving correct, but in the second period the Glasgow players found improved form, and ultimately ran out easy winners. The Glasgow backs had some clever "passing" runs. The Edinburgh School men lacked penetrative power, and despite some sterling work by their forwards which merited a score, the backs were unable to take their chances. Beaten with monotonous regularity since the war, Edinburgh University were not too hopeful of their chances against Hawick. Hence their comparatively easy win came as a welcome surprise. Their margin of superiority was largely due to the grand goal kicking of K. Logan. As was not unexpected, Stewart's College F.P.'s, thanks to the hard scrummaging and keen rushing of their forwards, gave the Watsonians quite a good game, but the superior opportunism and resource of the latter team eventually won them a victory with a little in hand. A weak team of Heriot's easily accounted for Institution. The Edinburgh Academicals might have given their side the victory over Wanderers.

Edinburgh Institution, 0; Heriot's (F.P.), 28.  
Watsonians, 9; Stewart's College, 3.  
Edinburgh University, 10; Hawick, 3.  
Edinburgh Academicals, 14; Edin. Wanderers, 6.  
Glasgow High School, 22; R.H.S. (F.P.), 0.  
Melrose, 0; Jedforest, 0.  
Kelso, 0; Selkirk, 3.  
Hillhead H.S., 5; Gala, 0.  
Kelvinside Acad., 0; West of Scotland, 8.  
Greenock Wanderers, 0; Glasgow University, 4.

### THE CLUB CHAMPIONSHIP.

The half-time of the Christmas and New Year holidays finds the table for the (alleged) Championship standing thus:

	P.	W.	L.	D.
Glasgow Academicals	11	10	1	0
Heriot's (F.P.)	13	11	2	0
West of Scotland	11	7	2	2
Watsonians	12	10	2	0
Glasgow H.S. (F.P.)	14	12	2	0
Melrose	10	5	4	1
Edin. Academicals	10	5	4	1
Hawick	13	8	5	0
Stewart's Coll. (F.P.)	11	5	5	1
Royal H.S. (F.P.)	13	4	6	3
Edin. University	10	4	6	0
Edin. Wanderers	12	3	8	1

Hawick at present heads the Border League, followed by Gala and Melrose.

### ASSOCIATION LEAGUE.

Rangers went further ahead in the League race as a consequence of the results of the week's engagements, and are now three points in front of Airdrieonians and five in advance of Hibernians, which two clubs are the only probable challengers. The prospects of the Ibrox club being overtaken are remote, and a survey of their commitments and of those of the two rivals mentioned from now onwards till the close of the New Year games would appear to favour the present leaders. Yet Rangers are not playing so well as in the early days of the season. The players seem as fit as ever, but some of the sparkle has gone out of the side. Airdrieonians in the opening half of their game with Dundee played to reputation, and seemed to be affected by the absence of their centre forward, Gallagher. Leading by a couple of goals at the interval, and with their opponents in a crippled condition Airdrieonians appeared to have the issue safe, but Dundee made a splendid recovery, fairly outplayed their opponents, and, scoring three goals without response, completely turned the tables. It was a splendid achievement on Dundee's part, and further strengthened the belief that the side has recovered definitely during the past few weeks, during which the team lost only one point, and that to Rangers. The great surprise was the defeat of Celtic at home by Hamilton Academicals.

Hibernians, 5; St. Johnstone, 0.  
Motherwell, 0; Heart of Midlothian, 0.  
Aberdeen, 3; Third Lanark, 1.  
Celtic, 0; Hamilton Acads., 2.  
Cowdenbeath, 4; Ayr United, 0.  
Dundee, 3; Airdrieonians, 2.  
Kilmarnock, 3; Raith Rovers, 0.  
Partick Thistle, 2; Falkirk, 0.  
Queen's Park, 0; Morton, 2.  
St. Mirren, 1; Rangers, 4.

### DR. JOHNSON.

A GREAT LAY CHRISTIAN.

In commemoration of the 140th anniversary of the death of Samuel Johnson, a service was held at St. Clement Dances, Strand, London, on December 13th, and members of the Johnson Club, who attended subsequently placed a wreath on the statue at the east end of the churchyard. Dr. Johnson was a regular worshipper at St. Clement Dances, where the pew he used to occupy is one of the objects of interest, and prayers of his composition were read at the service. Mr. J. F. Green, the scribe to the Johnson Club, read the lesson, and an address was given by Mr. J. C. Squire, a member of the Johnson Club.

Mr. Squire said there were a great many admirers of Dr. Johnson who would be glad if it were found possible to make such a celebration an annual event. Dr. Johnson was one of the greatest lay Christians in the records of the Church of England.

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Insure your

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If you take two or three little tablets of Bisurated Magnesia immediately after eating. When you have pain in your stomach the trouble is due to excessive acid or food fermentation. Bisurated Magnesia Tablets neutralise the acid, stop the fermentation, and in five minutes your stomach is doing its work in a painless, normal manner. If you have dyspepsia, gastritis, indigestion, or just a plain every-day pain after eating, go to the nearest chemist and get some Bisurated Magnesia Tablets. A large flask costs very little and if you will take as directed you will find you can eat what you like without fear of any following discomfort. Further, it is usually found that the simple taking of Bisurated Magnesia adds strength and power to the vital organs: It is urged, however, that the "BISMAG" oval trade-mark sign be seen when purchasing.

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every  
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## INDO-CHINA

STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.		SAILINGS	
STRAITS & CALCUTTA	"FOOKSANG"	Thursday	28th Jan. 3 p.m.
KOREA via AMOY & SHANGHAI	"HOSANG"	Friday	30th Jan. 7 a.m.
SANDAKAN	"MADEANG"	Saturday	31st Jan. Noon
MANILA	"YUENSANG"	Saturday	31st Jan. 3 p.m.
TIENTSIN via NINGPO	"TAKSANG"	Sunday	1st Feb. 7 a.m.
SHANGHAI via SWATOW	"YUSANG"	Sunday	1st Feb. 7 a.m.
HAIPHONG via HOIHOW	"LEESANG"	Sunday	1st Feb. 10 a.m.
BANGKOK via SWATOW	"HOPSANG"	Monday	2nd Feb. Noon
TSINGTAU via SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"KWONGSANG"	Wednesday	4th Feb. 7 a.m.
STRAITS & CALCUTTA	"KUSANG"	Wednesday	4th Feb. 3 p.m.
SHANGHAI via SWATOW	"WOSANG"	Friday	6th Feb. 7 a.m.
SANDAKAN	"RINSANG"	Monday	8th Feb. Noon

REGULAR SAILINGS ARE MAINTAINED AS FOLLOWS:—

CALCUTTA—HONGKONG—JAPAN LINE	EVERY TEN DAYS
SHANGHAI—HONGKONG LINE	EVERY THREE DAYS
HONGKONG—MANILA LINE	EVERY SATURDAY From Bora Bora
HONGKONG—HAIPHONG LINE	EVERY SUNDAY From Bora Bora
HONGKONG—BOMBAY LINE	EVERY FORTNIGHT
HONGKONG—TIENTSIN LINE	EVERY FORTNIGHT
HONGKONG—BANGKOK LINE	EVERY WEEK

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OUTWARDS.

HOMEWARDS.

Vessel.	Due Hongkong.	Vessel.	Leaves Hongkong.	Discharge.
"PEMBROKESHIRE"	In Port.	"GLENSHIRE"	17th Feb.	London, Rotterdam & Hamburg.
"GLENIFFER"	13th Feb.	"PEMBROKESHIRE"	5th Mar.	London, Rotterdam & Hamburg via Oren.
"GLENOGLE"	19th Feb.	"GLENOGLE"	7th Mar.	London, Rotterdam & Hamburg.
"GLENSHIRE"	10th March			

Movements are subject to change without notice.

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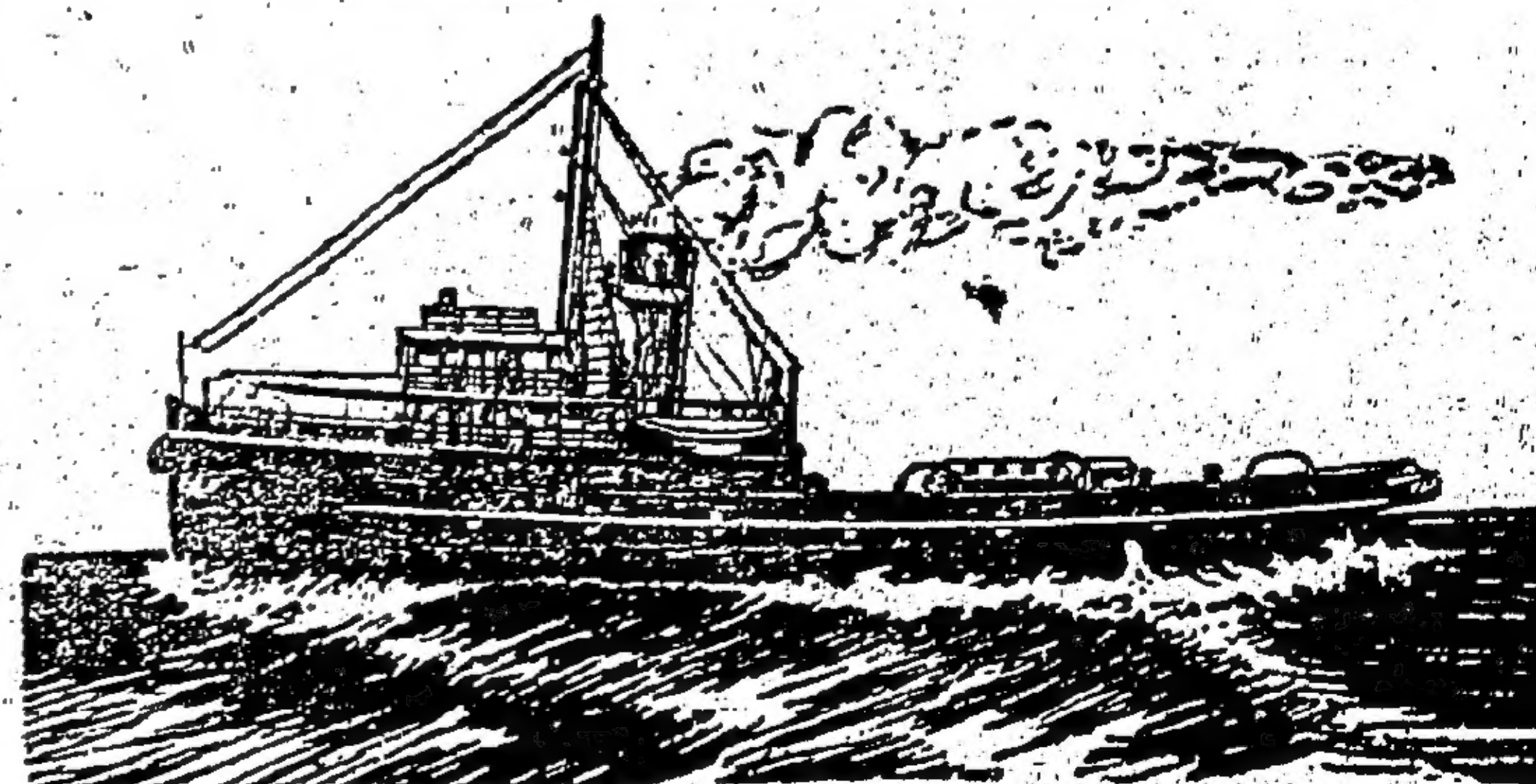


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Please address enquiries to the Chief Manager

H. M. DEES, F.R.S., M.N.A. Keswick Dock, Hongkong.











## POST OFFICE NOTICE.

## INWARD MAILS.

FROM	PER	DATE
SHANGHAI	Ichang	29th Jan.
SHANGHAI	Kanchoi	29th Jan.
SHANGHAI	Pres. Lincoln	29th Jan.
MANILA	Pres. Jackson	1st Feb.
MANILA	St. Albans	1st Feb.
JAPAN	Nagasaki Maru	1st Feb.
Europe via Nippon (Letters & Papers, London, 1st Jan.)		
U.A.A. HONGKONG, JAPAN & SINGAPORE	Pres. Hayes	2nd Feb.
SUEZ AND STRAITS	Baryphylus	2nd Feb.
SUEZ AND STRAITS	Rhesus	2nd Feb.
SUEZ AND STRAITS	Portico	4th Feb.
U.S.A.	Pres. McKinley	17th Feb.

## OUTWARD MAILS.

FOR	PER	DATE
Java via Batavia	Cheriton Maru	Thursday, 29th, 10.30 A.M.
Fort Bayard	Mohon	10.30 A.M.
Manila	West Hindon	10.30 A.M.
Bangkok	Nisui Maru	12.30 P.M.
Swatow	Shantung	12.30 P.M.
Saigon	Kilakata Maru	1.00 P.M.
Saigon and Calcutta	Fookang	2.30 P.M.
Shanghai and Japan	Ohama Maru	4.31 P.M.
Shanghai	Pamphroshire	5.00 P.M.
Swatow, Amoy and Formosa	Saku Maru	5.00 P.M.
Amoy	Huang	5.00 P.M.
Java via Batavia	Tissal	Friday, 30th, 10.30 A.M.
Swatow, Amoy and Fookow	Hui Ning	3.30 P.M.
Swatow	Hudrangea	3.30 P.M.
Shanghai, Japan, Honolulu, Canada	Pres. Lincoln	Saturday, 31st, 8.45 A.M.
U.S.A. via SAN FRANCISCO		9.30 A.M.
San Francisco, 25th Feb.	ausang	10.30 A.M.
Sandakan	Tuenang	1.30 P.M.
Manila	Kanchow	2.30 P.M.
Shanghai		
Hainan, Saigon, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, E. & S. Africa, Adm. Egypt and Europe via Marseilles—due Marseilles, 4th March—Ship sails at 4 p.m. on Sunday, the 1st February.	Ambrose	Reg. Letters 4.15 P.M.
		5.00 P.M.
Swatow, Amoy and Formosa	Amoy Maru	Sunday, 1st, 9.00 A.M.
Swatow and Bangkok	Saigon	9.00 A.M.
Shanghai, Japan, Canada, U.S.A., Central & South America, and EUROPE via SAN FRANCISCO, B.C.—due Victoria, B.C. 21st Feb.	Pres. Jackson	Monday, 2nd, Noon
Amoy	St. Albans	2.55 P.M.
Manila, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, E. & S. Africa	Pres. Hayes	3.30 P.M.
Swatow, Amoy and Fookow	Hainan	3.30 P.M.
Swatow	Kwang Sang	5.00 P.M.
Manila, Australia & New Zealand via Thursday Island—due Thursday Island, 15th February	St. Albans	Wednesday, 4th, 9.45 A.M.
Manila, Shanghai, Japan, Honolulu, & San Francisco—due San Francisco, 6th March	Shingo Maru	10.20 A.M.
Straits and Calcutta	Ausang	1.00 P.M.
Shanghai, Japan, Canada, U.S.A., Central & South America, and EUROPE via VANCOUVER, B.C.—due Vancouver, B.C. 31st Feb.—Ship sails at daylight on Friday the 6th Feb.	Emp of Russia	Thursday, 5th, 8.00 P.M.
Straits, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, E. & S. Africa, Adm. Egypt & EUROPE via MARSEILLES—due Marseilles, 6th March	Morea	Registration 4.15 P.M.
		5.00 P.M.
Manila	Pres. McKinley	Wednesday, 18th, 3.30 P.M.

\*Correspondence bearing vessel's name only

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REGULAR AND FAST FREIGHT AND PASSENGER SERVICES.

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 EURYPYLUS ... 21ST FEB. London, Rotterdam & Hamburg  
 MERIONES ... 2ND MAR. Amsterdam, London & Hamburg

## LIVERPOOL SERVICE

BELLEROPHON 1ST FEB. Marseilles, St. Nazaire, Havre, Liverpool & Glasgow  
 PROTESILAUS 19TH FEB. Genoa, Marseilles, Liverpool & Glasgow  
 ANTIOCHUS ... 1ST MAR. Marseilles, Havre, Liverpool & Glasgow  
 DOLIOS ... 20TH MAR. Genoa, Marseilles, Liverpool & Glasgow  
 via Port Sudan.

## PACIFIC SERVICE

TALHYBIUS ... 8TH FEB. Victoria, Seattle & Vancouver  
 TYNDAREUS ... 3RD MAR. Victoria, Seattle & Vancouver

## NEW YORK SERVICE

KE. COMPANION 19TH FEB. Boston, New York, Baltimore via Suez  
 RHESUS ... 28TH FEB. Boston, New York, Baltimore via Suez

## PASSENGER SERVICE

PATROCLUS ... 5TH FEB. Shanghai  
 PATROCLUS ... 10TH MAR. Singapore, Marseilles & London  
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Bank Bills, at 30 days' sight	2/4
Bank Bills, at 4 months' sight	2/4
Credit, at 4 months' sight	2/4 1/2
Documentary Bills, 4 months' sight	2/4 1/2
On Paris—	
Bank Bills, on demand	1.080
Credit, 4 months' sight	1.130
On New York—	
Bank Bills, on demand	55 1/2
Credit, at 30 days' sight	57
On Bombay—	
Telegraphic Transfer	154 1/2
Bank Bills, on demand	154 1/2
On Calcutta—	
Telegraphic Transfer	154 1/2
Bank Bills, on demand	154 1/2
On Shanghai—	
Bank Bills, at sight	nom.
Private, 30 days' sight	143 1/2
On Yokohama—	
On demand	111 1/2
On Manila—	
On demand	99
On Singapore—	
On demand	157 1/2
On Batavia—	
On demand	nom.
On Haiphong—	
On demand	80 1/2
On Bangkok—	
On demand	84 1/2
Gold Leaf, 100 fine, per tael	32 1/2
Bar Silver, per oz.	32 1/2

## HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Head Office: Hongkong.

Authorized Capital	\$10,000,000
Issued and Fully Paid-up	\$20,000,000
Reserve Funds	
Sterling	\$4,500,000
Silver	\$25,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	\$20,000,000

Court of Directors:  
 W. L. PATTERSON, Esq., Chairman  
 H. P. White, Esq., Deputy Chairman  
 B. D. F. Bell, Esq., A. O. Lang, Esq.  
 W. H. Bell, Esq., J. A. Plummer, Esq.  
 A. H. Compton, Esq., T. G. Wall, Esq.  
 Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoak, G. M. Young, Esq.

Chief Manager: A. H. BARLOW, Esq.

Manager: Shanghai—G. H. STETT, Esq.

LONDON BANKERS: WESTMINSTER BANK, LTD.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened in LOCAL CURRENCY and FIXED DEPOSITS received for one year or shorter periods in Local Currency and Sterling on terms which will be quoted on application.  
 Hongkong, 28th November, 1924. [37]

## HONGKONG SAVINGS BANK.

THE Business of the above Bank is conducted by the HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION. Rules may be obtained on application.  
 Interest on Deposits is calculated on the lowest balance during each completed Calendar Month at 2 1/2 per cent. per annum. Should there be no balance on any day in a month no interest will be allowed for that month.  
 Depositors may transfer at their option Balance of \$100 or more to the HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION on FIXED DEPOSIT at CURRENT RATES.  
 For the HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION,  
 A. H. BARLOW, Chief Manager.  
 Hongkong, 7th January, 1925. [23]

## CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

Incorporated: ROYAL CHARTER, 1853.

HEAD OFFICE: LONDON.

Paid-up Capital	£2,000,000
Reserve Fund	£2,500,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	£2,000,000

FOREIGN EXCHANGE and General Banking Business transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for one year or shorter periods at rates which will be quoted on application.

A. H. BARLOW, Manager.

Hongkong, April 8th, 1924. [21]

## THE BANK OF TAIWAN, LIMITED.

(TAIWAN GINSEK).

Incorporated by Special Imperial Charter, 1898.

Capital Subscribed	Yen 60,000,000
Capital (Paid-up)	Yen 52,500,000
Reserve Fund	Yen 12,500,000

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Z. YAMAMOTO, Manager.

HONGKONG BRANCH: 4, Des Voeux Road, Hongkong, 28th January, 1925.

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Authorized Capital: £2,000,000

Subscribed Capital: £2,000,000

Paid-up Capital: £2,000,000

Reserve Fund: £2,000,000

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Loans granted on approved securities.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts at the rate of Two per cent. per annum, on Savings Accounts Four per cent. per annum, and on Fixed Deposits at the following rates:

For 3 months at the rate of 2 per cent.

For 6 months at the rate of 2 1/2 per cent.

For 12 months at the rate of 3 per cent.

"KAN TONG PO," Chief Manager.

Hongkong, March 15th, 1924. [24]

## THE BANK OF CHINA, 行銀國中

(Specially authorized by Presidential Mandate of the Republic of China on the 22nd of November, 1917.)

Authorized Capital: \$20,000,000.00

Paid-up Capital: \$18,750,000.00

Reserve Funds: \$2,250,000.00

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.

HONGKONG BRANCH: 4, Queen's Road Central, Hongkong, January 23rd 1925. [20]

## BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE, PARIS.

HEAD OFFICE: 56 Boulevard Haussmann, Paris, 8.

Subscribed Capital: Frs. 72,000,000.00

Paid-up Capital: Frs. 63,400,000.00

Reserve Fund: Frs. 8,600,000.00

BRANCHES:

Bangkok, Hongkong, Saigon, Shanghai, Canton, Hankow, Peking, Tientsin, Yokohama, Harbin, Vladivostok, Port Arthur, etc.

In FRANCE: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et Commercial; Societe Generale.

In LONDON: The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais.

In NEW YORK: J. P. Morgan and Co. French-American Banking Corporation; Guaranty Trust Co. of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement. Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

A. LECOT, Manager.

Hongkong, 28th March, 1924. [22]

## THE BANK OF EAST ASIA, LTD.

HEAD OFFICE: No. 10, Des Voeux Road Central, HONGKONG.

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Authorized Capital: \$10,000,000.00

Paid-up Capital: \$5,000,000.00

Reserve Fund: \$750,000.00

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Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts at the rate of Two per cent. per annum, on Savings Accounts Four per cent. per annum, and on Fixed Deposits at the following rates:

For 3 months at the rate of 2 per cent.

For 6 months at the rate of 2 1/2 per cent.

For 12 months at the rate of 3 per cent.

"KAN TONG PO," Chief Manager.

Hongkong, March 15th, 1924. [24]

## THE BANK OF CHINA, 行銀國中

(Specially authorized by Presidential Mandate of the Republic of China on the 22nd of November, 1917.)

Authorized Capital: \$20,000,000.00

Paid-up Capital: \$18,750,000.00

Reserve Funds: \$2,250,000.00

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.

HONGKONG BRANCH: 4, Queen's Road Central, Hongkong, January 23rd 1925. [20]

## BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE, PARIS.

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Subscribed Capital: Frs. 72,000,000.00

Paid-up Capital: Frs. 63,400,000.00

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BRANCHES:

Bangkok, Hongkong, Saigon, Shanghai, Canton, Hankow, Peking, Tientsin, Yokohama, Harbin, Vladivostok, Port Arthur, etc.

In FRANCE: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et Commercial; Societe Generale.

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In NEW YORK: J. P. Morgan and Co. French-American Banking Corporation; Guaranty Trust Co. of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement. Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

A. LECOT, Manager.

Hongkong, 28th March, 1924. [22]

## NEDERLANDSCHE HANDELSMAATSCHAPPIJ.

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Special Reserves: 11,800,000

HEAD OFFICE: AMSTERDAM.

Eastern Head Office: BATAVIA.

BRANCHES: Batavia, Bencoolen, Borneo, Calcutta, Cebu, Hongkong, Kobe, London, Lyons, Manilla, Medan, Padang, Palembang, Penang, Pontianak, Rangoon, Rotterdam, Samarang, Shanghai, Singapore, Soerabaya, Soerakarta (Solo), Tegal, Tientsin, Weltevreden.

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## THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

Capital (fully paid-up): Yen 100,000,000

Reserve Fund: Yen 77,500,000

HEAD OFFICE: YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENTS AT:

Batavia, Kobe, Soerabaya

Bombay, London, Bangkok

Buenos Ayres, Lyons, San Francisco

Calcutta, Manila, Seattle

Canton, Peking, Shanghai

Dairen (Dalny), Nagasaki, Singapore

Fengtien, Yokohama, Shimoda

Hankow, New York, Sydney

Harbin, Peking, Tientsin

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